

# Project: MP3 Player (CmpE146)

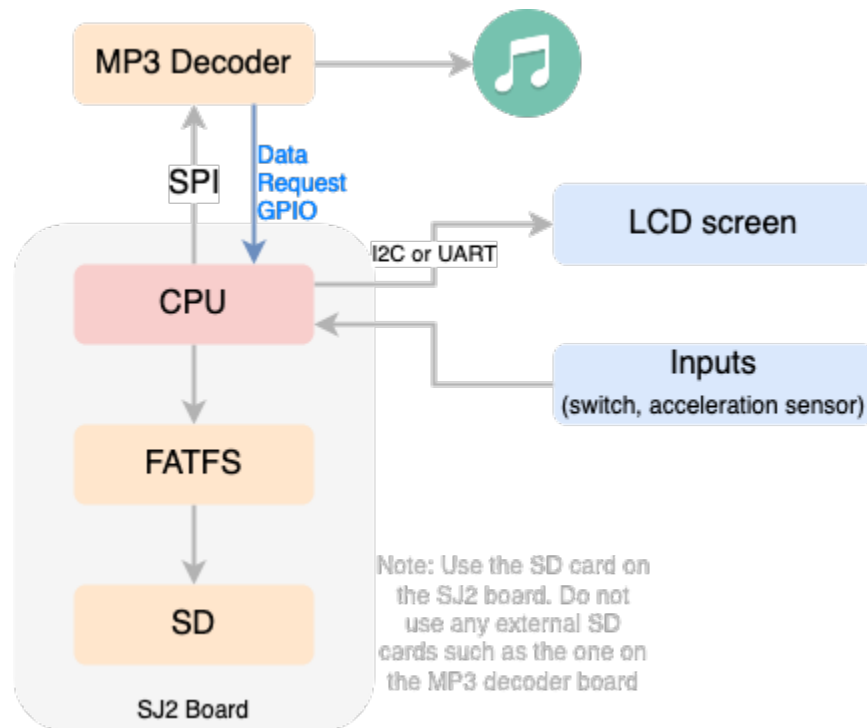
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# MP3 Project

## Project Summary

The goal of this project is to create a fully functional MP3 music player using SJOOne/SJ2 Microcontroller board as the source for music and control. MP3 files will be present on an SD card. SJOOne board reads these files and transfers data to an audio decoding peripheral for generating music. User would be able to use player controls (start/stop/pause) for playing MP3 songs and view the track information on a display.

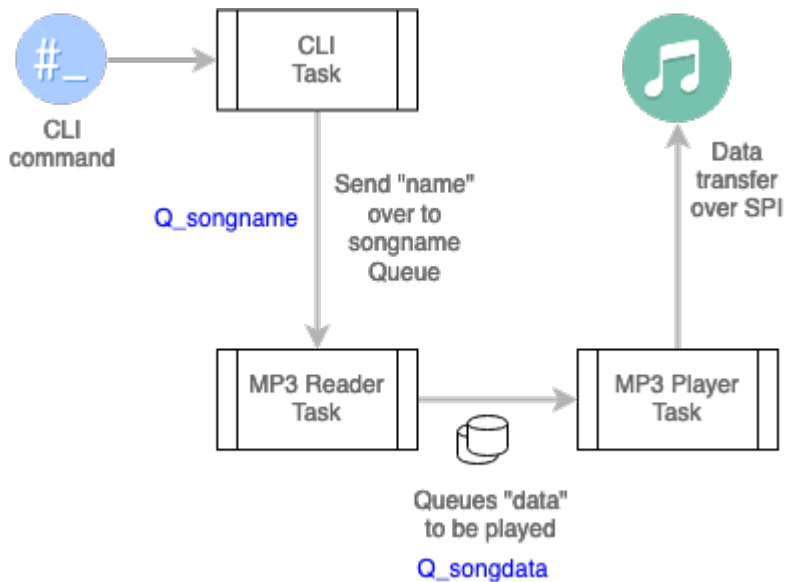
## Block Diagram



## Design

Split your project into manageable RTOS tasks. There should be dedicated tasks for:

- Reading an MP3 file
- Playing an MP3 file



Here is the psuedocode:

```
typedef char songname_t[16];
QueueHandle_t Q_songname;
QueueHandle_t Q_songdata;
void main(void) {
    Q_songname = xQueueCreate(1, sizeof(songname));
    Q_songdata = xQueueCreate(1, 512);
}
// Reader tasks receives song-name over Q_songname to start reading it
void mp3_reader_task(void *p) {
    songname name;
    char bytes_512[512];

    while(1) {
        xQueueReceive(Q_songname, &name[0], portMAX_DELAY);
        printf("Received song to play: %s\n", name);

        open_file();
```

```

    while (!file.end()) {
        read_from_file(bytes_512);
        xQueueSend(Q_songdata, &bytes_512[0], portMAX_DELAY);
    }
    close_file();
}

// Player task receives song data over Q_songdata to send it to the MP3 decoder
void mp3_player_task(void *p) {
    char bytes_512[512];

    while (1) {
        xQueueReceive(Q_songdata, &bytes_512[0], portMAX_DELAY);
        for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(bytes_512); i++) {
            while (!mp3_decoder_needs_data()) {
                vTaskDelay(1);
            }

            spi_send_to_mp3_decoder(bytes_512[i]);
        }
    }
}

```

```
// CLI needs access to the QueueHandle_t where you can queue the song name
// One way to do this is to declare 'QueueHandle_t' in main() that is NOT static
// and then extern it here
extern QueueHandle_t Q_songname;
app_cli_status_e cli__mp3_play(app_cli__argument_t argument,
                               sl_string_t user_input_minus_command_name,
                               app_cli__print_string_function cli_output) {
    // user_input_minus_command_name is actually a 'char *' pointer type
    // We tell the Queue to copy 32 bytes of songname from this location
    xQueueSend(Q_songname, user_input_minus_command_name, portMAX_DELAY);

    printf("Sent %s over to the Q_songname\n", user_input_minus_command_name);
    return APP_CLI_STATUS__SUCCESS;}

```

# Project Requirements

## Non-Functional Requirements:

- Should be dynamic.
  - As in, you should be able to add more songs and play them
- Should be accurate.
  - Audio should not sound distorted,
  - Audio should not sound slower or faster when running on your system.
- Should be user friendly.
  - User should be able to figure out how to use the device without a user manual.
  - Product must be packaged in some enclosure. No wires can be vision for the project.

## Functional Requirements

1. System must use the SJOOne/SJ2 on board SD card to read MP3 audio files.
2. System must communicate to an external MP3 decoder
3. System must allow users to control the MP3 player (You may use the onboard buttons for this)
  1. User must be able to play and pause of song
  2. user must be able to select a song

4. System must use an external display to show a menu providing the following information:
  1. Current playing song
  2. Information about current playing song
  3. Menu showing how to select a different song
  4. (Not all of the above need to be shown on the same display)
5. System software must be separated into tasks. EX: Display task, MP3 Read Task, Controller Task etc...
6. System software must be thread safe always.
7. System software must use OS structures and primitives where applicable.
8. System software may only utilize 50% or less CPU
  - You must have an LCD screen for "diagnostics" where you print the CPU utilization and update it at least every 1 second

## Prohibited Actions:

1. System MAY NOT use an external SD card reader embedded into MP3 device. YOU MAY use an external SD card reader if your SD card reader is broken
2. You must interface to **external LCD screen** (not the on-board LCD screen)
  - On-board screen is too small
  - The goal is to interface to external components (practice with HW design)
3. Use of any external libraries (specifically Arduino) that drive the hardware you intend to use. You must make the drivers from scratch for every part you make.

## Permitted Action:

1. You may use the internal buttons for controlling the MP3 player.
2. You may use the 7-segment display and LEDs above buttons for debugging but not as the main menu.

# Song list code module

## Collect MP3 song list from the SD card

### Reference Articles

- [Design a code module](#)
- [Code Modularity](#)

## Get a list of MP3 files (naive way)

The objective of this code is to get a list of \*.mp3 files at the root directory of your SD card.

```
#include "ff.h"

void print_list_of_mp3_songs(void) {
    FRESULT result;
    FILINFO file_info;
    const char *root_path = "/";
    DIR dir;
    result = f_opendir(&dir, root_path);
    if (result == FR_OK) {
        while (1) {
            result = f_readdir(&dir, &file_info);
            const bool item_name_is_empty = (file_info.fname[0] == 0);
            if ((result != FR_OK) || item_name_is_empty) {
                break; /* Break on error or end of dir */
            }
            const bool is_directory = (file_info.fattrib & AM_DIR);
            if (is_directory) {
                /* Skip nested directories, only focus on MP3 songs at the root */
            } else { /* It is a file. */
                printf("Filename: %s\n", file_info.fname);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
    f_closedir(&dir);
}
}

```

## Get list of MP3 songs

Here is a better way to design code such that a dedicated code module will obtain song-list for you:

```

// @file: song_list.h
#pragma once
#include <stddef.h> // size_t
typedef char song_memory_t[128];
/* Do not declare variables in a header file */
#if 0
static song_memory_t list_of_songs[32];
static size_t number_of_songs;
#endif
void song_list__populate(void);
size_t song_list__get_item_count(void);
const char *song_list__get_name_for_item(size_t item_number);

```

```

#include <string.h>
#include "song_list.h"
#include "ff.h"

static song_memory_t list_of_songs[32];
static size_t number_of_songs;
static void song_list__handle_filename(const char *filename) {
    // This will not work for cases like "file.mp3.zip"
    if (NULL != strstr(filename, ".mp3")) {
        // printf("Filename: %s\n", filename);
        // Dangerous function: If filename is > 128 chars, then it will copy extra bytes leading to memory
        // strcpy(list_of_songs[number_of_songs], filename);
        // Better: But strncpy() does not guarantee to copy null char if max length encountered
        // So we can manually subtract 1 to reserve as NULL char
        strncpy(list_of_songs[number_of_songs], filename, sizeof(song_memory_t) - 1);
    }
}

```



```

    // Best: Compensates for the null, so if 128 char filename, then it copies 127 chars, AND the NULL
    // snprintf(list_of_songs[number_of_songs], sizeof(song_memory_t), "%.149s", filename);
    ++number_of_songs;
    // or
    // number_of_songs++;
}
}

void song_list__populate(void) {
    FRESULT res;
    static FILINFO file_info;
    const char *root_path = "/";
    DIR dir;
    res = f_opendir(&dir, root_path);
    if (res == FR_OK) {
        for (;;) {
            res = f_readdir(&dir, &file_info); /* Read a directory item */
            if (res != FR_OK || file_info.fname[0] == 0) {
                break; /* Break on error or end of dir */
            }
            if (file_info.fattrib & AM_DIR) {
                /* Skip nested directories, only focus on MP3 songs at the root */
            } else { /* It is a file. */
                song_list__handle_filename(file_info.fname);
            }
        }
        f_closedir(&dir);
    }
}

size_t song_list__get_item_count(void) { return number_of_songs; }

const char *song_list__get_name_for_item(size_t item_number) {
    const char *return_pointer = "";
    if (item_number >= number_of_songs) {
        return_pointer = "";
    } else {
        return_pointer = list_of_songs[item_number];
    }
    return return_pointer;
}

```

```
}
```

```
int main(void) {  
    song_list__populate();  
    for (size_t song_number = 0; song_number < song_list__get_item_count(); song_number++) {  
        printf("Song %2d: %s\n", (1 + song_number), song_list__get_name_for_item(song_number));  
    }  
}
```