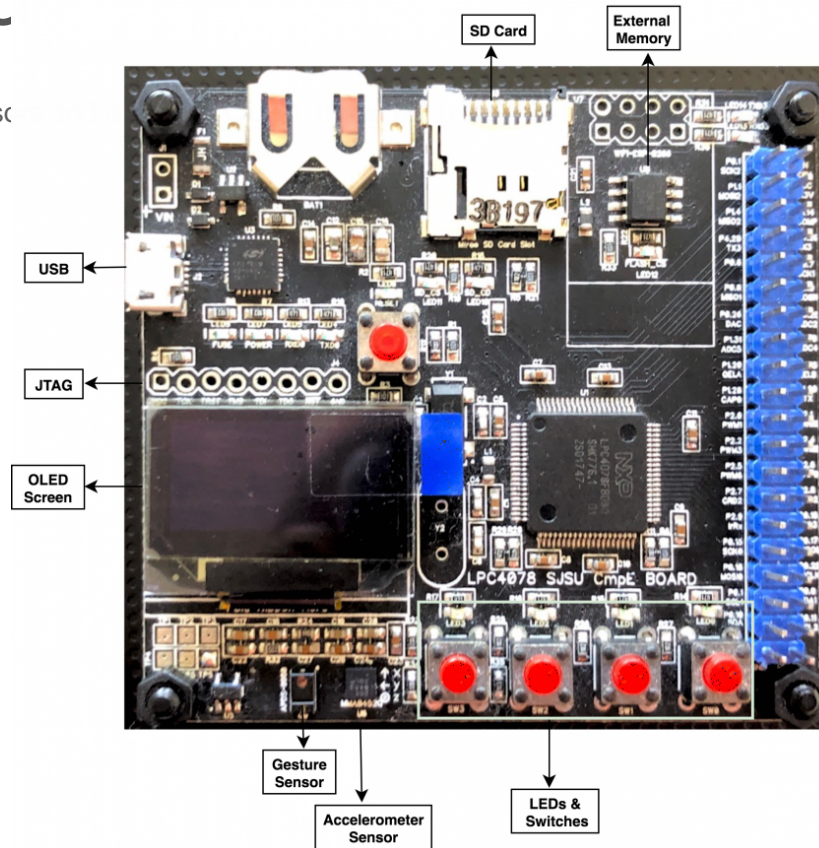
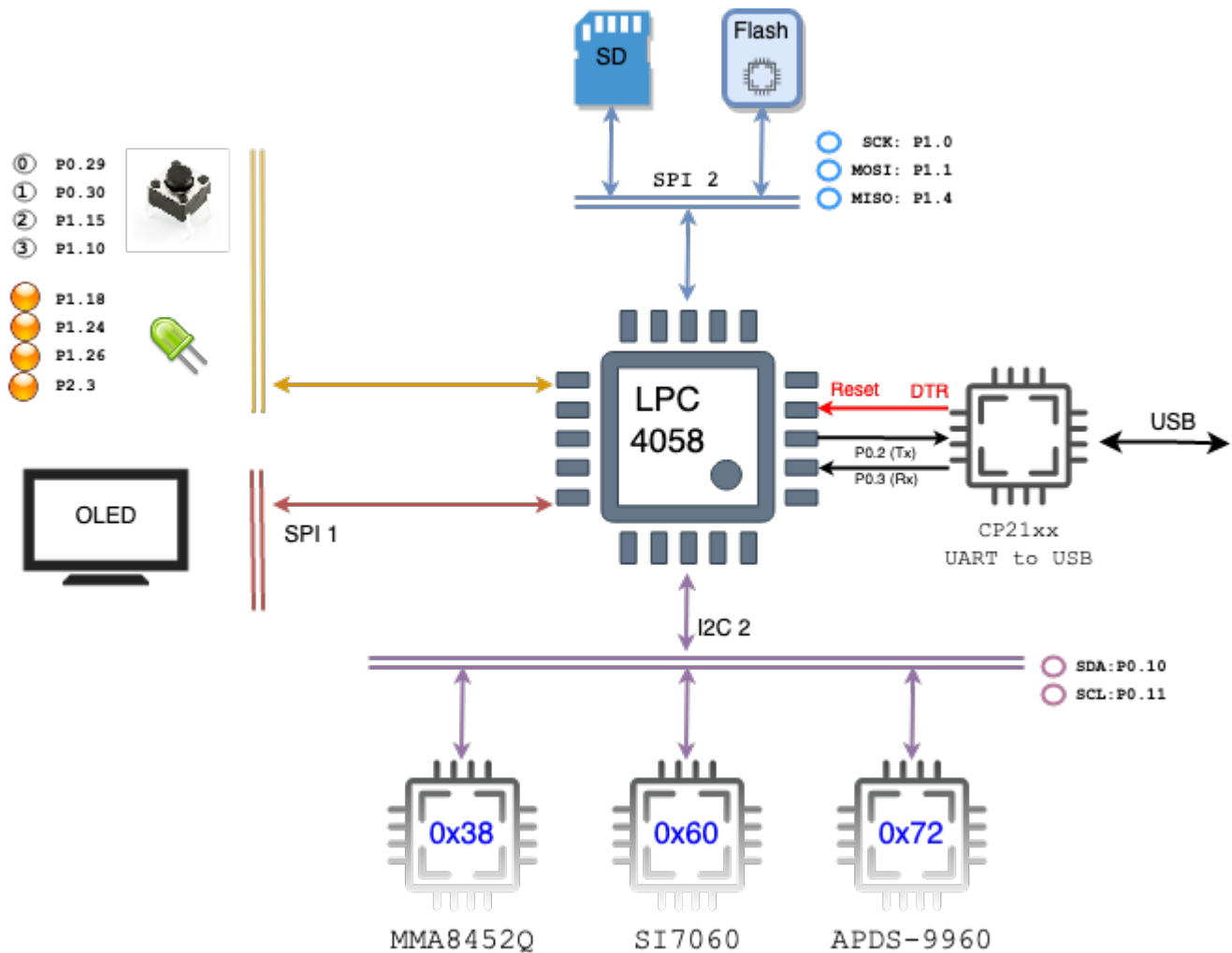


SJ2 Board

SJ2 board has lots of in-built sensors



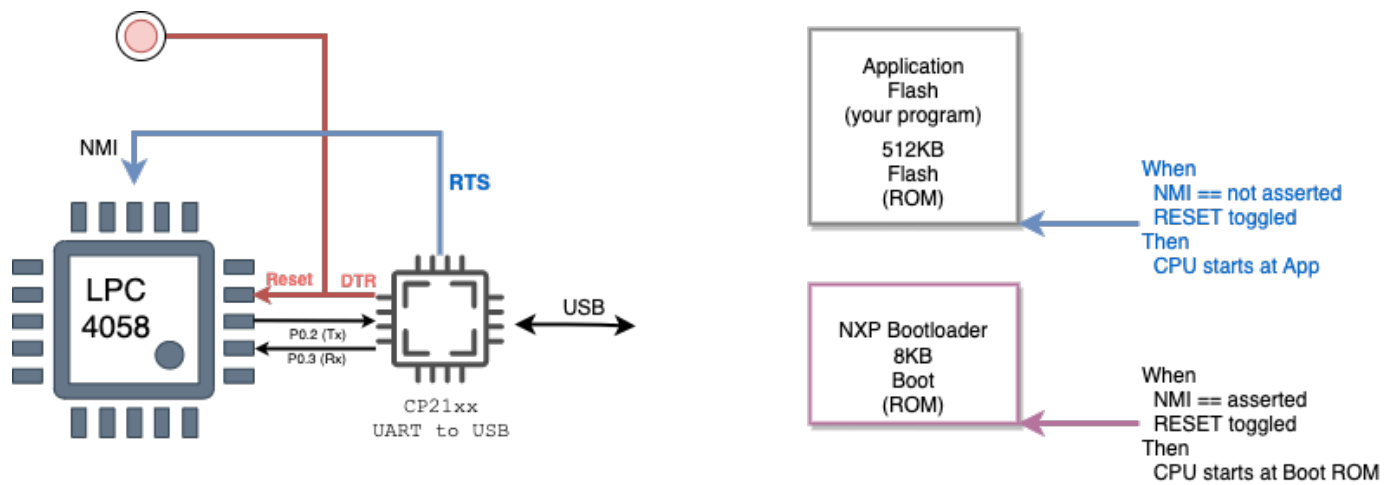
Board Layout



Board Reset and Boot System

Normally, the NMI pin is not asserted, and when the board is powered on, it will boot straight to your application space which is where you flashed your program.

When the NMI pin is asserted (through the RTS signal of the USB to the serial port), and Reset is toggled, then the board will boot to a separate 8KB flash memory where NXP wrote their own bootloader. This program communicates with `flash.py` script to load your program to the application memory space.



SJ2 Board Pins

SPI2 Shared with SD card	P1.0: SCK2	○	○	VIn: <5V
	P1.1: MOSI2	○	○	Vcc: 3.3V
	P1.4: MISO2	○	○	COMP: P1.14
P4.28 TX3		○	○	RX3: P4.29 UART3
P0.6		○	○	SCM1: P0.7
P0.8: MISO1		○	○	MOSI1: P0.9
P0.26 DAC		○	○	ADC2: P0.25
P1.31 ADC5		○	○	ADC4: P1.30 ADC pins
P1.20 OE1A		○	○	OE1B: P1.23
P1.28 CAP0		○	○	IrTX: P1.29
P2.0 PWM1		○	○	PWM2: P2.1
P2.2 PWM3		○	○	PWM5: P2.4
P2.5 PWM6		○	○	CAP0: P2.6
P2.7 CRD2		○	○	CTD2: P2.8 CAN,Uart1
P2.9 IrRX		○	○	FI3: P0.16
P0.15 SCK0		○	○	MISO0: P0.17 SPI-0
P0.18 MOSI0		○	○	---: P0.22
P0.1 SCL1		○	○	SDA1: P0.0 CAN,I2C1,Uart3
P0.10 SDA2		○	○	SCL2: P0.11 Uart2, I2C2
GROUND	●	●	●	GROUND

1. UART Pin Mapping for SJ-2 Board

SJ2 UART's	TXD	RXD	Multiplexed
UART 0	P0.2	P0.3	Bootloader, Serial Debug Output
	P0.0	P0.1	CAN1,I2C1
UART 1	P0.15	P0.16	SSP0

	P2.0	P2.1	PWM1
UART 2	P0.10	P0.11	I2C2
	P2.8	P2.9	Wi-Fi
UART 3	P0.0	P0.1	CAN1,I2C1
	P0.25	P0.26	ADCx
	P4.28	P4.29	Wi-Fi
UART 4	P0.22	P2.9	
	P1.29	P2.9	

2. SSP/SPI Pin Mapping for SJ-2 Board

SJ2 SPI's	SCK	MISO	MOSI
SSP0	P0.15	P0.17	P0.18
	P1.20	P1.23	P1.24
SSP1	P0.7	P0.8	P0.9
SSP2	P1.19	P1.18	P1.22
	P1.31	P1.18	P1.22

3. I2C Pin Mapping for SJ-2 Board

SJ2 I2C's	SDA	SCL	Multiplexed
I2C 0	P1.30	P1.31	ADCx
I2C 1	P0.0	P0.1	UART0, UART3, CAN1
I2C 2	P0.10	P0.11	UART2
	P1.15	P4.29	

4. CAN Pin Mapping for SJ-2 Board

SJ2 CAN's	RD	TD	Multiplexed
CAN1	P0.0	P0.1	UART0, I2C1, UART3
	P0.0	P0.22	
CAN2	P2.7	P2.8	

Pin functionality Selection

A pin's functionality may be selected based on your system design. Here are a few examples:

Select UART3 on `P4.28` and `P4.29`:

```
#include "gpio.h"

void select_uart3_on_port4(void) {
    // Reference "Table 84" at "LPC408x_7x User Manual.pdf"
    gpio__construct_with_function(GPIO__PORT_4, 28, GPIO__FUNCTION_2); // P4.28 as TXD3
    gpio__construct_with_function(GPIO__PORT_4, 29, GPIO__FUNCTION_2); // P4.29 as RXD3}
```

A pin function should be set based on one of the 8 possibilities. Here is an example again that sets `P0.0` and `P0.1` to UART3 (note that the `010` corresponds to `GPIO__FUNCTION_2`). Of course you can also configure `P0.0` and `P0.1` as UART0 pins by using `GPIO__FUNCTION_4`

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Table 84. Type D I/O Control registers: FUNC values and pin functions

Register	Value of FUNC field in IOCON register					
	000	001	010	011	100	101
IOCON_P0_0	P0[0]	CAN_RD1	U3_TXD	I2C1_SDA	U0_TXD	
IOCON_P0_1	P0[1]	CAN_TD1	U3_RXD	I2C1_SCL	U0_RXD	
IOCON_P0_2	P0[2]	U0_TXD	U3_TXD			

```
#include "gpio.h"

void select_uart3_on_port0(void) {
    gpio__construct_with_function(GPIO__PORT_0, 0, GPIO__FUNCTION_2); // P0.0 as TXD3
    gpio__construct_with_function(GPIO__PORT_0, 1, GPIO__FUNCTION_2); // P0.1 as RXD3}
```

Software Reference

This section focuses on the [C software framework](#), and not the C++ sample project.

CLI Commands

CLI stands for Command Line Interface. The SJ2 C framework includes a way to interact with the board through a CLI command utilizing a CLI task. You can and should add more commands as needed to provide debugging and interaction capability with your board.

You can add your own CLI command by following the steps below:

Step 1: Declare your CLI handler function, the parameters of this function are:

- `app_cli__argument_t`: This is not utilized in the SJ2 project, and will be `NULL`
- `sl_string_s`: There is a powerful string library type. The string is set to parameters of a CLI command, so if the command name is `taskcontrol` and user inputs `taskcontrol suspend led`, then the string value will be set to `suspend led` with the command name removed, see `sl_string.h` for more information
- `cli_output`: This is a function pointer that you should use to output the data back to the CLI

```
// TODO: Add your CLI handler function declaration to 'cli_handlers.h'
app_cli_status_e cli__your_handler(app_cli__argument_t argument, sl_string_s user_input_minus_command_name,
                                   app_cli__print_string_function cli_output);
```

Step 2: Add your CLI handler

```
// TODO: Declare your CLI handler struct, and add it at 'sj2_cli.c' inside the sj2_cli__init() function
void sj2_cli__init(void) {
    // ...
    static app_cli__command_s your_cli_struct = {.command_name = "taskcontrol",
                                                .help_message_for_command = "help message",
                                                .app_cli_handler = cli__your_handler};

    // TODO: Add the CLI handler:
    app_cli__add_command_handler(&sj2_cli_struct, &your_cli_struct);
}
```

Step 3: Handle your CLI command

```
// TODO: Add your CLI handler function definition to 'handlers_general.c' (You can also create a new *
app_cli_status_e cli__your_handler(app_cli__argument_t argument, sl_string_s user_input_minus_command_name,
                                   app_cli__print_string_function cli_output) {
    void *unused_cli_param = NULL;
    // sl_string is a powerful string library, and you can utilize the sl_string.h API to parse parameters

    // Sample code to output data back to the CLI
    sl_string_s s = user_input_minus_command_name; // Re-use a string to save memory
    sl_string__printf(s, "Hello back to the CLI\n");
```

```
cli_output(unused_cli_param, sl_string__c_str(s));

return APP_CLI_STATUS__SUCCESS;
}

// TODO: Now, when you flash your board, you will see your 'taskcontrol' as a CLI command
```

Platform Glue

TODO

Newlib and floating point `printf` and `scanf`

At the `env_arm` file, there are a couple of lines you can comment out to save about 18K of flash space. This space is not significant enough when you realize the fact that the LPC controller has 512K of flash ROM space, but it increases a few seconds of programming time each and every time you program.

```
LINKFLAGS=[
    # Use hash sign to comment out the line
    # This will disable ability to do printf and scanf of %f (float)
    # "-u", "_printf_float",      # "-u", "_scanf_float",
```

Layout a plan or design of something that is laid out More (Definitions, Synonyms, Translation)

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Created 5 years ago by [Preet Kang](#)

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